



# The adaptability of health care professionals to the new neonatal seizure classification: ILAE-2020

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## INTRODUCTON

- Volpe-2001 Classification of Neonatal Seizures is the most well-known-popular classification.
- ILAE-2020 proposed as a new classification for adaptation to ILAE Seizure Classification System .

## OBJECTIVES

- This study aimed to evaluate the semiologic adaptability of ILAE's new neonatal seizure classification among health care professionals (HCP) (*pediatric residents, neonatologists, pediatric neurologists, EEG tech, and nurses*) with a modular education program (MEP).

## MATERIAL & METHODS

- A web-based self education course\* will be applied to the HCPs with a MEP consisted of four modules including 80 illustrative videos ; the first three modules for the ILAE-2020 and Volpe's-2001 seizure classifications , one module for non-epileptic neonatal paroxysmal events. An instruction manual kit including a seizure determinator and glossary of terms, was also prepared by the advisory board.
- The MEP will be applied to 100 health care professionals with a web-based self-education course program ([www.ENEOSS2022](http://www.ENEOSS2022)) .
- The pre-MEP test and post-MEP-1 ( at the end of course ) test will be applied to the participants.
- The post-MEP-2 test will be carried out after three months using 20 new videos.

Table 1: Modules in the Modular Education Program (MEP)

	Volpe-2001 Neonatal Seizure Clasification (5 clinical event)	ILAE-2020 Neonatal Seizure Clasification (8 clinical event)
MODULE I		I. Focal-motor
	1- Tonic	1- Tonic
	2- Clonic	2- Clonic
	3- Myoclonic	3- Myoclonic
	4- Epileptic Spasms	4- Epileptic Spasms
MODULE II	5- Subtle	5- Automatism
		II. Focal non-motor
		6- Behavioral arrest
		7- Autonomic
MODULE III		8- Sequential seizures
MODULE IV	Non-epileptic neonatal paroxysmal events	

**Module I:** 4 seizure types (*tonic / clonic/ myoclonic /epileptic spasms*) that are compatible with Volpe & ILAE 2020 classifications will be presented.

**Module II:** Subtle type seizures in the Volpe classification are sub-classified as *automatisms / autonomic seizures / behavioral seizures* in ILAE 2020.

**Module III:** The ILAE-2020 classification introduced a new seizure classification as sequential seizures; describes the presence of consecutive clinical seizures.

**Module V:** Neonatal Paroxysmal Events (jitteriness, myoclonus), which can be confused with 8 clinical seizures in the ILAE-2020 seizure classification, will be presented in this module and it will be ensured that the participants can distinguish between clinical seizures and NEPs.

## EXPECTED RESULTS

The success rate of the MEP modules will be defined for focal motor seizures, focal non-motor seizures, and non-epileptic paroxysmal phenomena.

The possible most commonly confused seizure type in the ILAE 2020 will be discussed.

## HYPOTHESIS

Is the ILAE-2020 neonatal seizure classification successfully applicable to the health professionals with a web-based self education course ?

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