IN AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER Shigeru Hanaoka, M.D. Matsudo Municipal Center for Child Development, Japan Materials and Methods Introduction The children of autism spectrum disorder (ASD) suffer from O The materials were 20 children (11males, 9 females) of ASD (autism spectrum disorder) various complications. with severe AH(auditory hypersensitivity) from the age of 4.0 to 14 years. role in AH. Auditory hypersensitivity (AH) is one of them. They were suffered from noises of vacuum cleaner, noises at platform, echo in a pool, The mechanism is not clear and effective treatments are not found siren of ambulance etc. OThe AH triggers were divided into three types (Type A for Sharp and high-pitched sound, for AH in ASD, There were not a small number of papers which suggests various Type B for Disharmonic and reverberating sounds and Type C for High amplitude sounds) ASD symptoms were from an imbalance between excitation and and the effect of sVPA was evaluated for each types each children. inhibition (E/I) circuits, a link with GABAergic neurons. 16 cases took Yokukansan (Japanese herbal medicine with serotonergic functions) Moreover, reports by MEG studies suggest that AH is caused by

decreased inhibitory processing

vett.

resulting from abnormal sensory gating system or dysfunction of inhibitory interneurons,

and the abnormalities in the GABAergic interneurons and/or in the serotonin/dopamine system.

Objectives

We report here our experience to treat AH in ASD children by a small dose of sustained-release valproic acid (VPA).

Results

THE TREATMENT BY SMALL DOSE OF VALPROIC ACID FOR AUDITORY HYPERSENSITIVITY

At first as emotional stabilizer, but not effective for AH.

3 cases took sVPA(sustained-release valproic acid) as the initial treatment for AH. 1 case took both initially.

O For safety considerations, we decided the dose of VPA used 1/4 - 1/2 of the minimum standard dose of 20 (-40) mg/kg/day used for antiepileptic drugs, i.e. 5 - 10 mg/kg/day.

OA sustained-release type VPA was used to stabilize blood levels.

OThe age to start sVPA was from 2.79 to 9.05 (mean 4.91) years of age. O sVPA was finally used with the dose of 6.25 to 10.0 mg/kg/day.

1)In all cases, all trigger types of AH phenomena (type A,B,C) became milder (3 cases) or disappeared (17 cases). 5 cases who daily suffered from flushing sound in a lavatory became free.

The monthly panic in a case triggered by siren of ambulance etc. disappeared within a month at the level of once a year after the treatment.

2) The dose of sVPA found to be effective ranged from 6.25-10 mg/kg/day, with a mean of 7.96 mg/kg/day, and the time required for efficacy was within 5 months in 19 cases, with a mean of 3.29 months, except for one case with 20.67 months.

REFERENCES

1)Mastsuzaki J et al. Progressively increased M50 responses to repeated sounds in autism spectrum disorder with auditory hypersensitivity: a magnetoencephalographic study, PLoS One. 2014 Jul 23;9(7).

2)Cellot1 G, Cherubini E.GABAergic Signaling as Therapeutic Target for Autism Spectrum Disorders.Front Pediatr., 2014 Jul 8:2:70

COI: Nothing to be disclosed

Conclusions

1)These results suggest the possibility that GABAergic interneurons in auditory networks (pathway) play an important

2)The treatment by small dose of sVPA showed successful effects

This treatment has a value to be tried.

					Mean	4.91	6.81	7.96	3.29	2.64		
					Maximum	9.05	8.93	10.00	20.67	5.52		
					Minimum	2.79	4.85	6.25	0.25	0.68		
			TypeA (20Cases/20)	TypeB (14Cases/20)	TypeC (12Cases/20)		VPA medication		0.20	0.00		
68	Age (years)	Triggers of AH	Sharp. screeching or highpitched sound	Disharmonic and reverberating sounds	High amplitude sounds	Age to start VPA	Initial dose(mg/k g/day)	Maintenace dose of VPA (mg/kg/day)	Time to appearance of effects (months)	Observation Period after VPA medication (years)	Efficacy	
	4.00	Vacuum cleaner, hair dryer, baby crying	1		1	2.90	7.03	8.59	2.47	1.11	Effective	
2	4.97	Vasuum oleaner, toilet flush soud	1	1		3.14	6.90	6.90	4.30	1.83	Effective	
3	5.86	Vacuum cleaner, hair dryer, children's screams, reverboration of speakers in gymnasium	1	1	1	3.77	7.95	7.95	2.90	2.08	Partially effective	
1	5.86	Vacuum oleaners, hair dryers, toilet flush sounds. Construction noise, interphon noise, noises outside the house,	1	1	1	3.32	8.28	8.28	1.87	2.54	Effective	
5	6.50	Hymns and Christmas songs in church Sound of bells soud like thunder → disappeared, and became able to attend in church	1		1	4.72	7.27	7.27	1.83	1.79	Effective	
3	7.01	Sudden loud noises, the sounds in Disneyland, the rubbing noises of supermarket vinyl	1	1		5.03	7.89	7.89	2.70	1.98	Effective	
ł	7.67	Air towels, the echoes of a concert hall, the squaak of buggy	1	1	1	4.71	7.27	9.09	2.00	2.96	Effective	
3	8.30	Noises of vacuum cleaners, hairdryers, Loud noises in theaters	1	1		5.50	7.50	9.66	0.25	2.79	Effective	
,	8.33	The sound of cash registers, childron's voices, and the reverberation at swimming pools	1	1		4.61	7.50	10.00	20.67	3.73	Effective	
0	8.66	Air towel, puff-puff sound of air pump,	1			5.05	4.85	9.09	2.30	3.62	Effective	
1	9.29	Speaker sound at athletic events	1		1	5.38	5.21	7.81	4.80	3.91	Effective	
	6.24	Train announcements, departure bells, vacuum cleaners, air towels	1	1	1	2.79	6.49	6.49	2.33	3.45	Effective	
2	6.31	Noises in classroom, flushing toilets.	1	1		5.62	8.93	8.93	4.83	0.68	Effective	
	6.55	Noises of vacuum cleaners, air towels, flushing toilot	1	1		4.73	7.27	7.27	1.87	1.82	Effective	
	7.26	Vacuum cleaners, sound of warm-air fan in toilot	1	1		5.34	6.70	6.70	2.33	1.92	Effective	
5	8.16	Sounds of 1]Vacuum cleaner, 2]Air towel, 3] Siren of an umbulance or fire-engine, 4) Beby cry	1		1	4.71	6.25	6.25	2.33	3.45	Partially effective	
	9.55	Noises in a crowd, Air towel, Creaking soud of a train. Speaker sound	1	1	1	4.92	6.67	8.33	2.23	4.63	Effective	
,	11.28	The soud of siren, telephone, television and radio.	1		1	5.76	5.92	7.69	0.77	5.52	Effective	
,	13.20	Flushing toilets, microwave dings, vacuum cleaners, hair dryers, air towels, barking dogs, platform noises	1	1	1	7.17	5.10	7.50	1.07	1.24	Effective	
,	14.85	The sound of drums, the ding of a microwave oven, the sound of a television , the pitter- patter of rainfall, and the echoes in a studio	1	1	1	9.05	5.17	7.58	1.97	1.75	Partially effective	
			1=Yes									
						Effective=A4	d symptomer of	ompletely or	sufficiently dias	peared		
					crossive-rail symposis completely or surriclerity diappeared							
					Prtially effective=AH symptoms became milder but not sufficiently disappeared							

